The IPC Level 3 Community of Practitioners

The Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) Level 3 Community of Practitioners (CoP) is a community of practitioners certified at Level 3 of the IPC Certification Programme – the highest level of IPC certification available. Level 3 practitioners act as IPC global experts who can lead IPC training and analysis facilitation across countries and regions. They ensure the adherence to IPC protocols as well as the technical integrity and the neutrality of IPC analyses, and are also trained in good facilitation and negotiation skills.

The L3 Community of Practitioners Platform

The IPC Level 3 Community of Practitioners Platform is a forum for L3 practitioners to interact directly and collectively. By joining the CoP platform, practitioners will have the opportunity to:

✓ Collaborate or request support from the IPC Global Support Unit (GSU) or other L3 colleagues
✓ Participate in GSU webinars specifically tailored to L3s
✓ Receive invitations to external events

How to join

The platform is hosted on Microsoft Teams. Join us today and help us build a stronger and more connected IPC Global Community that works together to build better evidence and standards for food security and nutrition decisions.

To request to join the platform, please email ipc@fao.org.

Disclaimer: We would like to inform you that by taking part and being added to the IPC Community of Practitioners on Microsoft Teams, your name, email address, and activity on the platform (posts, replies, etc.) will be visible to the other members of the community.

All members taking part are expected to comply with FAO’s confidentiality policy, to exercise discretion and use good judgment in the sharing of the information received on the platform.

About the IPC

The Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) is an innovative multi-stakeholder initiative to improve analysis and decision-making on food security and nutrition. Using the IPC classification and analytical approach, governments, UN agencies, NGOs, and other stakeholders work together to determine the severity and extent of acute and chronic food insecurity and acute malnutrition situations within countries, according to internationally recognised standards.